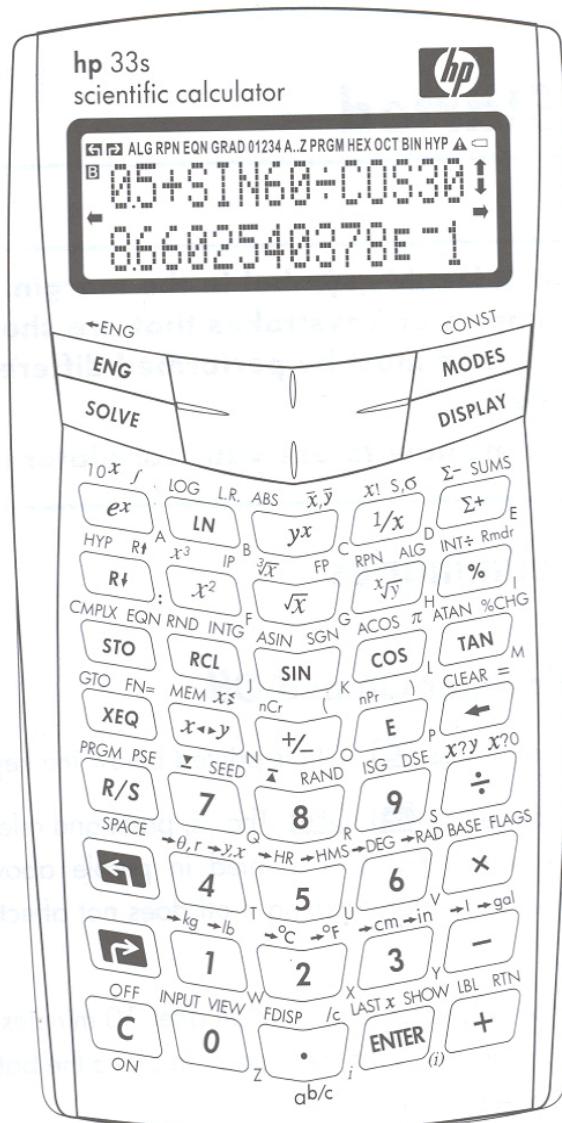




CENTRAL VALLEY CHAPTER CLSA

PROGRAMMING THE HP 33S



Disclaimer:

The best effort as been made in preparing this text. Every effort has been made to proof, edit, correct and present error free material. There is no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, with regard to the material contained herein. There is no liability in any event for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of material contained herein. This material is made available solely on an "as is" basis, and the entire risk as to its quality and performance is with the user. It is the responsibility of the individual to perform independent analysis in connection with any of the above mentioned.

PROGRAMS FOR HP 33s

You must place your calculator in program mode before entering these. Do this by pressing the "shift left" key and then "PRGM". When you are done entering the programs you must exit the program mode by pressing the "shift left" key and then "PRGM" again or "C".

Input an equation

RCL	Input Variable
↷ =	Equal sign
↷ ()	Parenthesis
AB	Enter as A x B
a(bc)	Enter as A x (B x C)
2sin α	Enter as 2 x sin α
↷ HR RCL	Decimal to Degrees
↶ HMS RCL	Degrees to Decimal
←	Deletes character farthest to the right
ENTER	Completes the equation entry
C	Ends Equation Mode

Solving an equation

Use the ↓↑	to select the equation at the bottom of the display
SOLVE	Solves for any variable in the equation
ENTER	For first variable
R/S	For next variable

Input a program

↶LBL	First line containing program label
↶INPUT	Input a variable
Display 1.FIX	Fixes the decimal places
STO	Stores a variable
RCL	Recall a variable
↷EQN	See Equation Solver to input an equation
↷X?0	Compares a variable to 0
↶X?Y	Compares two variables
↷VIEW	Displays a stored variable
↷RTN	Ends program

↶ GTO

Pointer goes to a
beginning label of a
program

C

Ends program mode

←

Deletes program line

Execute a program

XEQ	Starts a program
R/S	For next input or next answer

To save/recall a variable from a program

ENTER
STO
RCL

To go to the beginning of all the programs or any program

C	Ends Program Mode
↶ GTO...	Resets to PRGM Top
or	
↶ GTO	Resets to any program label (LBL)
Then	
↶ PRGM	Starts program mode

Clearing all variables

↶CLEAR
2.VARS
!!!! DO NOT SELECT 3. ALL, WHY, THIS WILL ERASE ALL VARIABLES, EQUATIONS, AND PROGRAMS!!!!

Clearing individual variables or programs

↶MEM
2.VARS
or
2.PGM
Use the ↓↑ to select label
↶CLEAR

PROGRAMS FOR HP 33s

Page	Function	Labels
5-6	Angle-1 (by 3 Coordinates) Enter 3 Coordinates - Solve Angle	1
7-8	Area-1 (by Coordinates) Enter Coordinates Solve for Perimeter Length & Area	2
9	HMS-1 (Addition/Subtraction of Angles)	1
10-11	Horizontal Curve-1 Enter 2 of 3 - Included Angle, Curve Radius & Length of Curve Solve for Long Chord, Degree of Curvature, Tangent, Midordinate, External, Area of Sector, Area of Segment & Area of Fillet	4
12	Horizontal Curve-2 Enter 2 of 3 – Curve Radius, Offset Distance from Tangent & Distance along Tangent Solve for Missing data of Curve Radius, Offset Distance from Tangent & Distance along Tangent	2
13-14	Intersection-1 (Bearing – Bearing) Enter Coordinates of 2 Points & Azimuths to and from I. P. Solve for Coordinate of I. P., Internal Angle & Distances to and from I. P.	1
15-16	Intersection-2 (Bearing – Distance) Enter Coordinates of 2 Points, Azimuth to I. P. & Distance from I. P. Solve for Coordinate of I. P., Internal Angle, Distance to I. P. & Azimuth from Intersection Point	1
17-18	Intersection-3 (Distance – Distance) Enter Coordinates of 2 Points & Distances to and from Intersection Point Solve for Coordinate of I. P., Internal Angle & Azimuths to and from I. P.	1
19-20	Inverse-1 Enter Coordinates of 2 Points Solve for Azimuth, Bearing & Distance	7
21	Metric Conversion Enter metric number Solve for U.S. Survey Foot	1

PROGRAMS FOR HP 33s

22	Photogrammetry-1	1
	Enter Contour Interval, C-Factor, Focal Length & Film Dimension Solve for Flying Height, Photo Scale, NM Width, NM Length, Width of Target & Length of Target	
23	Quadratic-1	1
24-25	Slope Staking-1	2
	Enter Hinge Point Elevation, Half Base Distance, Elevation at Instrument, Instrument Height, Vertical Distance, Rod Height, Cut/Fill Slope & Horizontal Distance Solve for Grade Rod or Rod Elevation, Elevation Difference, Calculated Distance & Difference in Distance	
26	Traverse-1	2
27	Triangle-1 (S1, S2, S3)	1
28	Triangle-2 (S1, S2, A3)	1
29	Triangle-3 (A1, A2, S3)	1
30	Triangle-4 (A1, A3, S3)	1
31-32	Triangle-5 (S1, S2, A1)	1
33-36	Utilities-1 (Geodetic to State Planes)	2
	(When used with Utilities-2 only takes 3 Labels total)	
37-39	Utilities-2 (State Planes to Geodetic)	2
	(When used with Utilities-1 only takes 3 Labels total)	
40-41	Vertical Curve-1	3
	Enter Grade In, Grade Out, PVC Station, PVC Elevation & PVT Station Solve for High/Low Station & High/Low Elevation & Continuing Station Elevation	
42-43	Vertical Curve-2	1
	Enter P.I. Station, P.I. Elevation, Grade In, Grade Out & Curve Length Solve for High/Low Elevation, PVC Station, PVC Elevation, PVT Station & PVT Elevation	
44	XYZ-1 (Lat/Long to XYZ)	1
45-46	XYZ-2 (XYZ to Lat/Long)	1

Angle-1 (1 Label)

XEQ A (Angle Between 3 Coordinates)

XEQ A to start the program.

At the prompt, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing A (Y)
E? Easting A (X)

N? Northing B (Y)
E? Easting B (X)

N? Northing C (Y)
E? Easting C (X)

Press **R/S** and the angle formed by points A, B & C will be displayed.

A01.	LBL A	A39.	RCL C
A02.	CLRVARS	A40.	RCL D
A03.	FIX 4	A41.	–
A04.	SF 10	A42.	STO F
A05.	“ANGLE - 3 COORDS”	A43.	RCL N
A06.	PSE	A44.	RCL M
A07.	“ENTR NORTH 1(Y)”	A45.	–
A08.	PSE	A46.	STO P
A09.	INPUT N	A47.	RCL E
A10.	STO L	A48.	RCL D
A11.	“ENTR EAST 1(X)”	A49.	–
A12.	PSE	A50.	STO G
A13.	INPUT E	A51.	RCL O
A14.	STO C	A52.	RCL P
A15.	0	A53.	x
A16.	STO N	A54.	STO A
A17.	STO E	A55.	RCL F
A18.	“ENTR NORTH 2(Y)”	A56.	RCL G
A19.	PSE	A57.	x
A20.	INPUT N	A58.	STO B
A21.	STO M	A59.	RCL A
A22.	“ENTR EAST 2(X)”	A60.	RCL B
A23.	PSE	A61.	+
A24.	INPUT E	A62.	STO Q
A25.	STO D	A63.	RCL O
A26.	0	A64.	X ²
A27.	STO N	A65.	RCL F
A28.	STO E	A66.	X ²
A29.	“ENTR NORTH 3(Y)”	A67.	+
A30.	PSE	A68.	√X
A31.	INPUT N	A69.	STO R
A32.	“ENTR EAST 3(X)”	A70.	RCL P
A33.	PSE	A71.	X ²
A34.	INPUT E	A72.	RCL G
A35.	RCL L	A73.	X ²
A36.	RCL M	A74.	+
A37.	–		
A38.	STO O		

A75. \sqrt{X}
A76. STO S
A77. RCL R
A78. RCL S
A79. x
A80. STO H
A81. RCL Q
A82. RCL H
A83. \div
A84. STO T
A85. RCL T
A86. ACOS
A87. \Rightarrow HMS
A88. STO Z
A89. "ANGLE(DDMMSS)="
A90. PSE
A91. VIEW Z
A92. RTN

CHECK 1

1st Point N=7358.66
 E=8653.29

2nd Point N=5000.00
 E=5000.00

3rd Point N=6384.28
 E=11286.91

A=20°25'47"

CHECK 2

1st Point N=2435.86
 E=2158.37

2nd Point N=5000.00
 E=5000.00

3rd Point N=5375.84
 E=10285.41

A=142°00'21"

Area-1 (2 Labels)

XEQ A (Area by Coordinates)

XEQ A to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing (Y)
E? Easting (X)

The following unknowns will be displayed after completing all coordinates:

P? Perimeter Length
F? Area in Square Feet
A? Area in Acres

A01.	LBL A	B22.	-
A02.	CLVARS	B23.	$y,x \Rightarrow 0,r$
A03.	FIX 4	B24.	RCL P
A04.	SF 10	B25.	+
A05.	"AREA BY COORDINATES"	B26.	STO P
A06.	PSE	B27.	RCL N
A07.	"ENTR NORTH(Y)"	B28.	STO Y
A08.	PSE	B29.	RCL E
A09.	INPUT N	B30.	STO X
A10.	STO Y	B31.	RCL D
A11.	STO C	B32.	$x \neq y$
A12.	"ENTR EAST(X)"	B33.	GTO B
A13.	PSE	B34.	RCL N
A14.	INPUT E	B35.	RCL C
A15.	STO X	B36.	$x \neq y$
A16.	STO D	B37.	GTO B
B01.	LBL B	B38.	RCL P
B02.	"ENTR NORTH (Y)"	B39.	"PERIM LENGTH="
B03.	PSE	B40.	PSE
B04.	INPUT N	B41.	VIEW P
B05.	"ENTR EAST (X)"	B42.	RCL F
B06.	PSE	B43.	2
B07.	INPUT E	B44.	\div
B08.	RCL Y	B45.	STO F
B09.	x	B46.	"AREA IN SF="
B10.	RCL N	B47.	PSE
B11.	RCL X	B48.	VIEW F
B12.	x	B49.	43560
B13.	-	B50.	\div
B14.	RCL F	B51.	STO A
B15.	+	B52.	"AREA IN AC="
B16.	STO F	B53.	PSE
B17.	RCL E	B54.	VIEW A
B18.	RCL X	B55.	RTN
B19.	-		
B20.	RCL N		
B21.	RCL Y		

Check 1

1st Point	N=5000
	E=10000
2nd Point	N=5255.912
	E=10125.751
3rd Point	N=4700
	E=10500
	P=1538.3838
	S=82840.6500
	A=1.9018

Check 2

1st Point	N=5000
	E=10000
2nd Point	N=5255.912
	E=10125.751
3rd Point	N=4700
	E=10500
4th Point	N=2500
	E=10300
	P=5682.2965
	S=662840.6500
	A=15.2167

HMS(+/-) -1 (1 Label)

XEQ Y (HMS + “addition by degrees, minutes and seconds”)

XEQ Y to start the program

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

X? First Angle

Y? Second Angle

After you have entered the value for **B** (Second Angle) and pressed **R/S**, you will be prompted to enter the function:
0 = - (subtraction) or 1 = + (addition). After you have entered the value for your function the sum or difference will be displayed:

Y01.	LBL Y	Y18.	PSE
Y02.	FIX 4	Y19.	“0= - 1=+”
Y03.	SF 10	Y20.	PSE
Y04.	“HMS+–”	Y21.	STO F
Y05.	PSE	Y22.	INPUT F
Y06.	“ENTR ANGLE1”	Y23.	CF 10
Y07.	PSE	Y24.	⇒HMS(⇒HR(X)+ ⇒HR(Y))
Y08.	“(DDMMSS)”	Y25.	STO A
Y09.	PSE	Y26.	⇒HMS(⇒HR(X)- ⇒HR(Y))
Y10.	INPUT X	Y27.	STO S
Y11.	“ENTR ANGLE2”	Y28.	RCL F
Y12.	PSE	Y29.	x=0?
Y13.	“(DDMMSS)”	Y30.	VIEW A
Y14.	PSE	Y31.	x>0?
Y15.	INPUT Y	Y32.	VIEW S
Y16.	0	Y33.	GTO Y
Y17.	“ENTR FUNCTION”		

CHECK

X = 1st Angle 158°02'26"
Y = 2nd Angle 88°32'27"

A = Addition of Angles = 246°34'53"

S = Subtraction of Angles = 69°29'59"

Horizontal Curve-1 (4 Labels)

XEQ H (Horizontal Curve Data)

XEQ H to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

I? Included Angle
R? Curve Radius

Note! If either of these two are unknown, enter a value of 0 (zero) and you will be prompted for:

L? Length of Curve

The following unknowns will be displayed after pressing **R/S**

C? Long Chord
T? Tangent
M? Midordinate
E? External
D? Degree of Curvature-Arc definition
N? Degree of curvature-Chord definition
(if radius is under 50 ft., the Chord definition will not be displayed)
A? Area of the sector
S? Area of the segment
F? Area of the fillet

H01.	LBL H	H29.	GTO E
H02.	FIX 4	G01.	LBL G
H03.	SF 10	G02.	SF 10
H04.	“HORIZ CURVE1”	G03.	“ENTR CURVE RAD”
H05.	PSE	G04.	PSE
H06.	“ENTR CENTER ANG”	G05.	INPUT R
H07.	PSE	G06.	“ENTR CURVE LEN”
H08.	CF 10	G07.	PSE
H09.	INPUT I	G08.	CF 10
H10.	X=0?	G09.	INPUT L
H11.	GTO G	G10.	(⇒HMS((Lx180) ÷ (Rxπ)))
H12.	⇒HR(I) ÷ 2	G11.	STO I
H13.	STO H	G12.	FIX 4
H14.	SF 10	G13.	⇒HR(I) ÷ 2
H15.	“ENTR CURVE RAD”	G14.	STO H
H16.	PSE	G15.	SF 10
H17.	CF 10	G16.	“CENTER ANG=”
H18.	INPUT R	G17.	PSE
H19.	X=0?	G18.	CF 10
H20.	GTO F	G19.	VIEW I
H21.	(⇒HR(I)xπxR) ÷ 180	G20.	GTO E
H22.	STO L	F01.	LBL F
H23.	FIX 3	F02.	SF 10
H24.	SF 10	F03.	“ENTR CURVE LEN”
H25.	“CURVE LEN=”	F04.	PSE
H26.	PSE	F05.	CF 10
H27.	CF 10		
H28.	VIEW L		

F06.	INPUT L	E36.	"DEG CURV ARC="
F07.	(Lx180) ÷ (⇒HR (I)xπ)	E37.	PSE
F08.	STO R	E38.	CF 10
F09.	FIX 3	E39.	VIEW D
F10.	SF 10	E40.	RCL R
F11.	"CURVE RAD="	E41.	50
F12.	PSE	E42.	X≤Y?
F13.	CF 10	E43.	⇒HMS(2XASIN(50 ÷ R))
F14.	VIEW R	E44.	STO N
 		E45.	RCL R
E01.	LBL E	E46.	50
E02.	2xRxSIN(H)	E47.	X≤Y?
E03.	STO C	E48.	SF 10
E04.	FIX 3	E49.	"DEG CURV ARC="
E05.	SF 10	E50.	PSE
E06.	"LONG CHORD="	E51.	CF 10
E07.	PSE	E52.	VIEW N
E08.	CF 10	E53.	(πXR ² x⇒HR(I)) ÷ 360
E09.	VIEW C	E54.	STO A
E10.	RxTAN(H)	E55.	FIX 2
E11.	STO T	E56.	SF 10
E12.	FIX 3	E57.	"AREA SECTOR="
E13.	SF 10	E58.	PSE
E14.	"TANGENT="	E59.	CF 10
E15.	PSE	E60.	VIEW A
E16.	CF 10	E61.	A-(RxCOS(H)x(C ÷ 2))
E17.	VIEW T	E62.	STO S
E18.	Rx(1-COS(H))	E63.	SF 10
E19.	STO M	E64.	"AREA SEGMENT="
E20.	SF 10	E65.	PSE
E21.	"MIDORDINATE="	E66.	CF 10
E22.	PSE	E67.	VIEW S
E23.	CF10	E68.	(RxT)-A
E24.	VIEW M	E69.	STO F
E25.	Rx((1 ÷ COS(H))-1)	E70.	SF 10
E26.	STO E	E71.	"AREA FILLET="
E27.	SF 10	E72.	PSE
E28.	"EXTERNAL="	E73.	CF 10
E29.	PSE	E74.	VIEW F
E30.	CF 10	E75.	RTN
E31.	VIEW E		
E32.	⇒HMS(18000 ÷ (πxR))	C=154.8077744	
E33.	STO D	T=83.94564024	
E34.	FIX 4	M=15.58568861	
E35.	SF 10	E=16.90290573	
CHECK		D=28.38524031	
I = Δ = 45°32'18"		N=28.57180877	
R=200		A=15,895.8770508	
L=158.95877051		S=1621.492494	
		F=893.2509975	

Horizontal Curve-2 (2 Labels)

XEQ B (Tangent Offset of a Horizontal Curve)

XEQ B to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press R/S

R? Curve Radius

X? Offset distance from tangent to point on curve

Note! If X value is unknown, enter a value of 0 (zero) and you will be prompted for Y value.

The following unknown will be displayed after pressing R/S

Y? Distance along tangent perpendicular to offset.

B01.	LBL B	B35.	"DIST ALONG TAN="
B02.	FIX 4	B36.	PSE
B03.	SF 10	B37.	VIEW Y
B04.	"TANGENT OFFSET"	B38.	RTN
B05.	PSE	B39.	X=0?
B06.	"OF HORZ CURVE"	B40.	"OFFSET DISTANCE="
B07.	PSE	B41.	PSE
B08.	"ENTER RADIUS"	B42.	VIEW X
B09.	PSE	B43.	RTN
B10.	INPUT R	C01.	LBL C
B11.	0	C02.	"ENTR DISTANCE"
B12.	STO X	C03.	PSE
B13.	"ENTR OFFSET"	C04.	"ALONG TANGENT"
B14.	PSE	C05.	PSE
B15.	"0 IF UNKNOWN"	C06.	INPUT Y
B16.	PSE	C07.	STO B
B17.	INPUT X	C08.	RCL R
B18.	STO A	C09.	X^2
B19.	X=0?	C10.	RCL B
B20.	GTO C	C11.	X^2
B21.	2	C12.	-
B22.	RCL R	C13.	STO D
B23.	x	C14.	RCL D
B24.	RCL X	C15.	\sqrt{X}
B25.	x	C16.	STO E
B26.	STO C	C17.	RCL R
B27.	RCL C	C18.	RCL E
B28.	RCL X	C19.	-
B29.	X^2	C20.	STO X
B30.	-	C21.	"OFFSET DIST="
B31.	STO F	C22.	PSE
B32.	RCL F	C23.	VIEW X
B33.	\sqrt{X}	C24.	GTO B
B34.	STO Y		

Intersection-1 (1 Label)

SEQ-B (Bearing - Bearing Intersection)

SEQ B to start the program

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing of first point

E? Easting of first point

A? Azimuth from first point to intersection point

A? Azimuth from intersection point to second point

N? Northing of second point

E? Easting of second point

After you have entered the second **E** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

Y? Northing of intersection point

X? Easting of intersection point

F? Internal angle of azimuths

D? Distance from first point to intersection point

D? Distance from intersection point to second point

B01. LBL **B**

B02. FIX 4

B03. SF 10

B04. "BEAR-BEAR INTER"

B05. PSE

B06. "ENTR NORTH 1(Y)"

B07. PSE

B08. INPUT N

B09. STO Y

B10. "ENTR EAST 1(X)"

B11. PSE

B12. INPUT E

B13. STO X

B14. "ENTR AZ TO IP"

B15. PSE

B16. "(DDMMSS)"

B17. PSE

B18. INPUT A

B19. \Rightarrow HR

B20. STO B

B21. 0

B22. STO A

B23. "ENTR AZ FROM IP"

B24. PSE

B25. "(DDMMSS)"

B26. PSE

B27. INPUT A

B28. \Rightarrow HR

B29. STO A

B30. 0

B31. STO N

B32. STO E

B33. "ENTR NORTH 2(Y)"

B34. PSE

B35. INPUT N

B36. "ENTR EAST 2(X)"

B37. PSE

B38. INPUT E

B39. RCL N

B40. RCL Y

B41. -

B42. STO Y

B43. RCL E

B44. RCL X

B45. -

B46. STO X

B47. RCL B

B48. RCL A

B49. -

B50. ABS

B51. STO C

B52. \Rightarrow HMS

B53. STO F

B54. FIX 2

B55. "IP NORTH="

B56. PSE

B57. VIEW Y

B58. IP EAST=

B59. PSE

B60. VIEW X

B61. FIX 4

B62. "INTERNAL ANG="

B63. PSE

B64. "(DDMMSS)"

B65.	PSE	B94.	PSE
B66.	VIEW F	B95.	VIEW D
B67.	FIX 2	B96.	RCL B
B68.	RCL C	B97.	SIN
B69.	SIN	B98.	STO M
B70.	STO I	B99.	RCL Y
B71.	RCL A	B100.	RCL M
B72.	SIN	B101.	x
B73.	STO G	B102.	STO N
B74.	RCL Y	B103.	RCL B
B75.	RCL G	B104.	COS
B76.	x	B105.	STO O
B77.	STO H	B106.	RCL X
B78.	RCL A	B107.	RCL O
B79.	COS	B108.	x
B80.	STO J	B109.	STO P
B81.	RCL X	B110.	RCL P
B82.	RCL J	B111.	RCL N
B83.	x	B112.	-
B84.	RCL H	B113.	RCL I
B85.	-	B114.	÷
B86.	RCL I	B115.	STO Q
B87.	÷	B116.	RCL Q
B88.	STO L	B117.	ABS
B89.	RCL L	B118.	STO D
B90.	ABS	B119.	“DIST FROM IP=”
B91.	STO D	B120.	PSE
B92.	FIX 8	B121.	VIEW D
B93.	“DIST TO IP=”	B122.	RTN

CHECK

1st Point N = 10000
 E = 10000
 A = AZ₁ = 92°08'23"
 A = AZ₂ = 3°28'18"

2nd Point N = 10188.87
 E = 10300.13
 Y = Θ4700
 E = X = 10500
 D = D₁ = 288.22008436
 D = D₂ = 199.99815783

Intersection-2 (1 Label)

XEQ-C (Bearing - Distance Intersection)

XEQ C to start the program

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing of first point

E? Easting of first point

A? Azimuth from first point to intersection point

D? Distance from intersection point to second point

N? Northing of second point

E? Easting of second point

After you have entered the second **E** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

Y? Northing of intersection point

X? Easting of intersection point

F? Internal angle of azimuths

A? Azimuth from intersection point to second point

D? Distance from first point to intersection point

C01.	LBL C	C34.	RCL Y
C02.	FIX 4	C35.	–
C03.	SF 10	C36.	STO Y
C04.	“BEAR-DIST INTER”	C37.	RCL E
C05.	PSE	C38.	RCL X
C06.	“ENTR NORTH 1(Y)”	C39.	–
C07.	PSE	C40.	STO X
C08.	INPUT N	C41.	RCL B
C09.	STO Y	C42.	SIN
C10.	“ENTR EAST 1(X)”	C43.	STO H
C11.	PSE	C44.	RCL Y
C12.	INPUT E	C45.	RCL H
C13.	STO X	C46.	x
C14.	“ENTR AZ TO IP”	C47.	STO L
C15.	PSE	C48.	RCL B
C16.	“(DDMMSS)”	C49.	COS
C17.	PSE	C50.	STO I
C18.	INPUT A	C51.	RCL X
C19.	⇒HR	C52.	RCL I
C20.	STO B	C53.	x
C21.	“ENTR DIST FROM IP”	C54.	STO J
C22.	PSE	C55.	RCL J
C23.	INPUT D	C56.	RCL L
C24.	0	C57.	–
C25.	STO N	C58.	STO K
C26.	STO E	C59.	RCL K
C27.	“ENTR NORTH2(Y)”	C60.	RCL D
C28.	PSE	C61.	÷
C29.	INPUT N	C62.	STO U
C30.	“ENTR EAST2(X)”	C63.	RCL U
C31.	PSE	C64.	ASIN
C32.	INPUT E	C65.	STO C
C33.	RCL N	C66.	ABS

C67.	⇒HMS	C120.	“DIST TO IP=”
C68.	STO F	C121.	PSE
C69.	RCL B	C122.	VIEW D
C70.	RCL C	C123.	RTN
C71.	+		
C72.	STO G		
C73.	⇒HMS		
C74.	STO A		
C75.	RCL C		
C76.	SIN		
C77.	STO N		
C78.	RCL G		
C79.	SIN		
C80.	STO O		
C81.	RCL Y		
C82.	RCL O		
C83.	x		
C84.	STO P		
C85.	RCL G		
C86.	COS		
C87.	STO Q		
C88.	RCL X		
C89.	RCL Q		
C90.	x		
C91.	STO R		
C92.	RCL R		
C93.	RCL P		
C94.	-		
C95.	STO S		
C96.	RCL S		
C97.	RCL N		
C98.	÷		
C99.	STO T		
C100.	RCL T		
C101.	ABS		
C102.	STO D		
C103.	FIX 2		
C104.	“IP NORTH(Y)=”		
C105.	PSE		
C106.	VIEW Y		
C107.	“IP EAST(X)=”		
C108.	PSE		
C109.	VIEW X		
C110.	“INTERNAL ANG=”		
C111.	PSE		
C112.	FIX 4		
C113.	VIEW F		
C114.	“AZ FROM IP=”		
C115.	PSE		
C116.	“(DDMMSS)”		
C117.	PSE		
C118.	VIEW A		
C119.	FIX 8		

Intersection-3 (1 Label)

SEQ-D (Distance - Distance Intersection)

SEQ D to start the program

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing of first point

E? Easting of first point

D? Distance from first point to intersection point

D? Distance from intersection point to second point

N? Northing of second point

E? Easting of second point

After you have entered the second **E** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

Y? Northing of intersection point

X? Easting of intersection point

D? $D^3 = \text{Distance from Point } \#1 \text{ to Point } \#2$

S? Semiperimeter

A? Angle A (Displayed as DD.MMSS)

B? Angle B (Displayed as DD.MMSS)

C? Angle C (Displayed as DD.MMSS)

D01. LBL **D**

D02. FIX 4

D03. SF 10

D04. "DIST-DIST INTER"

D05. PSE

D06. "ENTR NORTH1(Y)"

D07. PSE

D08. INPUT N

D09. STO Y

D10. "ENTR EAST1(X)"

D11. PSE

D12. INPUT E

D13. STO X

D14. FIX 2

D15. "ENTR DIST TO IP"

D16. PSE

D17. INPUT D

D18. STO F

D19. 0

D20. STO D

D21. "ENTR DIST FROM IP"

D22. PSE

D23. INPUT D

D24. STO G

D25. FIX 4

D26. 0

D27. STO N

D28. STO E

D29. "ENTR NORTH2(Y)"

D30. PSE

D31. INPUT N

D32. "ENTR EAST2(X)"

D33. PSE

D34. INPUT E

D35. RCL N

D36. RCL Y

D37. -

D38. STO Y

D39. RCL E

D40. RCL X

D41. -

D42. STO X

D43. RCL X

D44. X^2

D45. RCL Y

D46. X^2

D47. +

D48. \sqrt{X}

D49. STO D

D50. RCL F

D51. RCL G

D52. +

D53. RCL D

D54. +

D55. STO J

D56. RCL J

D57. 2

D58. \div

D59.	STO S	D105.	RCL R
D60.	RCL D	D106.	ACOS
D61.	RCL F	D107.	STO U
D62.	x	D108.	2
D63.	STO K	D109.	RCL U
D64.	RCL S	D110.	x
D65.	RCL G	D111.	STO I
D66.	-	D112.	RCL I
D67.	STO L	D113.	⇒HMS
D68.	RCL S	D114.	STO B
D69.	RCL L	D115.	RCL H
D70.	x	D116.	RCL I
D71.	STO M	D117.	+
D72.	RCL M	D118.	STO Z
D73.	RCL K	D119.	180
D74.	÷	D120.	RCL Z
D75.	STO O	D121.	-
D76.	RCL O	D122.	⇒HMS
D77.	√X	D123.	STO C
D78.	STO O	D124.	FIX 4
D79.	RCL O	D125.	“IP NORTH(Y)=”
D80.	ACOS	D126.	PSE
D81.	STO O	D127.	VIEW Y
D82.	2	D128.	“IP EAST(X)=”
D83.	RCL O	D129.	PSE
D84.	x	D130.	VIEW X
D85.	STO H	D131.	“DIST PT1-PT2=”
D86.	⇒HMS	D132.	PSE
D87.	STO A	D133.	VIEW D
D88.	RCL D	D134.	“SEMIPERIMETER=”
D89.	RCL G	D135.	PSE
D90.	x	D136.	VIEW S
D91.	STO P	D137.	“ANGLE A=”
D92.	RCL S	D138.	PSE
D93.	RCL F	D139.	“(DDMMSS)=”
D94.	-	D140.	PSE
D95.	STO Q	D141.	VIEW A
D96.	RCL S	D142.	“ANGLE B=”
D97.	RCL Q	D143.	PSE
D98.	x	D144.	“(DDMMSS)=”
D99.	RCL P	D145.	PSE
D100.	÷	D146.	VIEW B
D101.	STO Q	D147.	“ANGLE C=”
D102.	RCL Q	D148.	PSE
D103.	√X	D149.	“(DDMMSS)=”
D104.	STO R	D150.	PSE
		D151.	VIEW C
		D152.	RTN

Inverse-1 (7 Labels)

XEQ I (Inverse Coordinates)

XEQ I to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing
E? Easting

After you have entered the second **E** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

A= azimuth from the first point to the second point
B= bearing from first point to the second point
D= distance between points in feet
C= distance between points in chains

Bearing format is: Quadrant – Degrees – Minutes - Seconds

Bearing N20°30'40"E	Displayed as 120-30-40
Bearing S20°30'40"E	Displayed as 220-30-40
Bearing S20°30'40"W	Displayed as 320-30-40
Bearing N20°30'40"W	Displayed as 420-30-40

I01. LBL I	F13. RCL Y
I02. FIX 4	F14. -
I03. CLVARS	F15. y,x⇒0,r
I04. SF 10	F16. STO D
I05. "INVERSE COORD"	F17. X<Y
I06. PSE	F18. X>0?
I07. "ENTR NORTH1(Y)"	F19. GTO G
I08. PSE	F20. 360
I09. INPUT N	F21. +
I10. STO Y	
I11. SF 10	G01. LBL G
I12. "ENTR EAST1(X)"	G02. STO R
I13. PSE	G03. ⇒HMS
I14. INPUT E	G04. STO A
I15. STO X	G05. FIX 4
I16. 0	G06. SF 10
I17. STO N	G07. "AZIMUTH="
I18. STO E	G08. PSE
F01. LBL F	G09. VIEW A
F02. SF 10	G10. 90
F03. "ENTR NORTH2(Y)"	G11. RCL R
F04. PSE	G12. X>Y?
F05. INPUT N	G13. GTO J
F06. SF 10	G14. 100
F07. "ENTR EAST2(X)"	G15. +
F08. PSE	G16. GTO M
F09. INPUT E	J01. LBL J
F10. RCL X	J02. 180
F11. -	J03. RCL R
F12. RCL N	J04. X>Y?

J05.	GTO K		
J06.	-	M01.	LBL M
J07.	200	M02.	⇒HMS
J08.	+	M03.	STO B
J09.	GTO M	M04.	SF 10
K01.	LBL K	M05.	“BEARING=”
K02.	270	M06.	PSE
K03.	RCL R	M07.	VIEW B
K04.	X>Y?	M08.	FIX 3
K05.	GTO L	M09.	SF 10
K06.	180	M10.	“DISTANCE=”
K07.	-	M11.	PSE
K08.	300	M12.	VIEW D
K09.	+	M13.	RCL D
K10.	GTO M	M14.	66
L01.	LBL L	M15.	÷
L02.	360	M16.	STO C
L03.	RCL R	M17.	SF10
L04.	-	M18.	“CHAINS=”
L05.	400	M19.	PSE
L06.	+	M20.	CF10
		M21.	VIEW C
		M22.	GTO F

Check

1st Point N=5000
 E=10000

2nd Point N=5255.912
 E=10125.751

A=26°10'08"
 B=126°10'08" = S 26°10'08" E
 D=285.1390288
 C=4.32

Metric Conversion (1 Label)

XEQ M (Metric Conversion)

XEQ M to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

M? Metric Number

After you have entered the **M** value and pressed **R/S**, the following result will be displayed:

F = Number conversion for U.S. Survey Foot

- M01.** **LBL M**
- M02.** **CLVARS**
- M03.** **SF 10**
- M04.** **“ENTR METRIC”**
- M05.** **PSE**
- M06.** **INPUT M**
- M07.** **3.28083333**
- M08.** **x**
- M09.** **STO F**
- M10.** **VIEW F**
- M11.** **GTO M**

Phogrammetry-1 (1 Label)

XEQ P (Photogrammetry)

XEQ P to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

- I?** Contour Interval
- C?** C-Factor
- F?** Focal Length = 6"
- D?** Film Dimension 9"X9"

After you have entered the **D** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

- H?** Flying Height
- P?** Photo Scale
- N?** NM Width
- M?** NM Length
- W?** Width of Target
- L?** Length of Target

P01.	LBL P	P36.	x
P02.	FIX 2	P37.	STO M
P03.	SF 10	P38.	1
P04.	"PHOTOGRAMMETRY"	P39.	60
P05.	PSE	P40.	÷
P06.	"CONTOUR INTERVAL"	P41.	RCL P
P07.	PSE	P42.	x
P08.	INPUT I	P43.	STO W
P09.	"C FACTOR"	P44.	1
P10.	PSE	P45.	50
P11.	INPUT C	P46.	÷
P12.	"FOCAL LENGTH"	P47.	RCL P
P13.	PSE	P48.	x
P14.	INPUT F	P49.	STO L
P15.	"FILM DIMENTION"	P50.	"FLY HEIGHT="
P16.	PSE	P51.	PSE
P17.	INPUT D	P52.	VIEW H
P18.	RCL C	P53.	"PHOTO SCALE="
P19.	RCL I	P54.	PSE
P20.	x	P55.	VIEW P
P21.	STO H	P56.	"NM WIDTH="
P22.	RCL H	P57.	PSE
P23.	RCL F	P58.	VIEW N
P24.	÷	P59.	"NM LENGTH="
P25.	STO P	P60.	PSE
P26.	RCL D	P61.	VIEW M
P27.	0.4	P62.	"TARGET WIDTH="
P28.	x	P63.	PSE
P29.	RCL P	P64.	VIEW W
P30.	x	P65.	"TARGET LENGTH="
P31.	STO N	P66.	PSE
P32.	RCL D	P67.	CF 10
P33.	0.7	P68.	VIEW L
P34.	x	P69.	RTN
P35.	RCL P		

Quadratic-1 (1 Label)

XEQ Q (Quadratic Equation)

XEQ Q to start the program.

Q01.	LBL Q	Q27.	RCL-B
Q02.	CLVARS	Q28.	RCL ÷ A
Q03.	SF 10	Q29.	2
Q04.	“QUAD ROOTS”	Q30.	÷
Q05.	PSE	Q31.	STO P
Q06.	“ENTR VALUE A”	Q32.	FIX 8
Q07.	PSE	Q33.	“1ST ROOT=”
Q08.	INPUT A	Q34.	PSE
Q09.	“ENTR VALUE B”	Q35.	VIEW P
Q10.	PSE	Q36.	RCL D
Q11.	INPUT B	Q37.	X=?
Q12.	“ENTR VALUE C”	Q38.	RTN
Q13.	PSE	Q39.	\sqrt{X}
Q14.	INPUT C	Q40.	RCL+B
Q15.	RCL B	Q41.	RCL ÷ A
Q16.	X^2	Q42.	2
Q17.	RCL A	Q43.	÷
Q18.	RCL C	Q44.	+/-
Q19.	x	Q45.	STO Q
Q20.	4	Q46.	“2ND ROOT=”
Q21.	x	Q47.	PSE
Q22.	-	Q48.	VIEW Q
Q23.	STO D	Q49.	CF 10
Q24.	X<0?	Q50.	RTN
Q25.	VIEW D		
Q26.	\sqrt{X}		

CHECK

SOLVE: A=4 B=1 C=8 **ANSWER: 1ST ROOT =-127.0000**

SOLVE: A=1 B=2 C=1 **ANSWER:** **1ST ROOT =-1.0000**

Staking-1 (2 Labels)

XEQ S (Slope Staking)

XEQ S to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

H?	Hinge Point Elevation
B?	Half Base Distance
E?	Elevation at Instrument Point
I?	Instrument Height
V?	Vertical Distance
R?	Rod Height
S?	Cut/Fill Slope
M?	Horizontal Distance

After you have entered the **M** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

G?	Grade Rod or Rod Elevation
Z?	Elevation Difference
C?	Calculated Distance
D?	Difference in Distance, - = IN (FORWARD), + = OUT (BACK)

Press **R/S** to enter another **V?** and **M?**

V?	Vertical Distance
M?	Horizontal Distance

S01.	LBL S	S30.	"ENTR SLOPE"
S02.	FIX 2	S31.	PSE
S03.	SF 10	S32.	INPUT S
S04.	"SLOPE STAKING"	S33.	SF 10
S05.	PSE	S34.	"ENTR H DIST"
S06.	"ENTR HP ELEV"	S35.	PSE
S07.	PSE	S36.	INPUT M
S08.	INPUT H	S37.	RCL E
S09.	SF 10	S38.	RCL I
S10.	"ENTR 0.5xBASE"	S39.	+
S11.	PSE	S40.	RCL V
S12.	INPUT B	S41.	+
S13.	SF 10	S42.	RCL R
S14.	"ENTR HGT INST"	S43.	-
S15.	PSE	S44.	STO G
S16.	INPUT E	S45.	RCL H
S17.	SF 10	S46.	RCL G
S18.	"ENTR INST HGT"	S47.	-
S19.	PSE	S48.	ABS
S20.	INPUT I	S49.	STO Z
S21.	SF 10	S50.	RCL S
S22.	"ENTR V DIST"	S51.	RCL Z
S23.	PSE	S52.	x
S24.	INPUT V	S53.	RCL B
S25.	SF 10	S54.	+
S26.	"ENTR ROD HGT"	S55.	STO C
S27.	PSE	S56.	RCL C
S28.	INPUT R	S57.	RCL M
S29.	SF 10	S58.	-

S59.	STO D	O26.	STO Z
S60.	FIX 4	O27.	RCL S
S61.	VIEW G	O28.	RCL Z
S62.	VIEW Z	O29.	x
S63.	VIEW C	O30.	RCL B
S64.	VIEW D	O31.	+
		O32.	STO C
O01.	LBL O	O33.	RCL C
O02.	0	O34.	RCL M
O03.	STO V	O35.	-
O04.	SF 10	O36.	STO D
O05.	"ENTER V DIST"	O37.	SF 10
O06.	PSE	O38.	"ROD ELEV GRADE"
O07.	INPUT V	O39.	PSE
O08.	0	O40.	VIEW G
O09.	STO M	O41.	SF 10
O10.	SF 10	O42.	"ELEV DIFFERENCE"
O11.	"ENTER V DIST"	O43.	PSE
O12.	PSE	O44.	VIEW Z
O13.	INPUT M	O45.	SF 10
O14.	RCL E	O46.	"CALC DISTANCE"
O15.	RCL I	O47.	PSE
O16.	+	O48.	VIEW C
O17.	RCL V	O49.	SF 10
O18.	+	O50.	"DIST DIFFERENCE"
O19.	RCL R	O51.	PSE
O20.	-	O52.	SF 10
O21.	STO G	O53.	"-IN +OUT"
O22.	RCL H	O54.	PSE
O23.	RCL G	O55.	VIEW D
O24.	-	O56.	GTO O
O25.	ABS		

Traverse-1 (2 Labels)

XEQ T (Traverse by Azimuth)

XEQ T to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing
E? Easting
A? Azimuth
D? Horizontal distance to fore sight

The program will display the northing of the fore sight.

Press **R/S** and the easting of the fore sight will be displayed.

Press **R/S** to start the next leg of the traverse by entering the azimuth and distance to the next point.

T01.	LBL T	N12.	RCL A
T02.	CLVARS	N13.	⇒HR
T03.	FIX 4	N14.	COS
T04.	SF 10	N15.	RCL D
T05.	“TRAV BY AZ”	N16.	x
T06.	PSE	N17.	RCL Y
T07.	“START NORTH(Y)”	N18.	+
T08.	PSE	N19.	STO Y
T09.	INPUT N	N20.	STO N
T10.	STO Y	N21.	RCL A
T11.	“START EAST(X)”	N22.	⇒HR
T12.	PSE	N23.	SIN
T13.	INPUT E	N24.	RCL D
T14.	STO X	N25.	x
		N26.	RCL X
N01.	LBL N	N27.	+
N02.	0	N28.	STO X
N03.	“ENTR AZIMUTH”	N29.	STO E
N04.	PSE	N30.	“NORTHING=”
N05.	INPUT A	N31.	PSE
N06.	STO A	N32.	VIEW N
N07.	ENTR DISTANCE”	N33.	“EASTING=”
N08.	PSE	N34.	PSE
N09.	“INPUT D	N35.	VIEW E
N10.	STO D	N36.	GTO N
N11.	FIX 4		

Check

1st Point **N=5000**
 E=10000
 A=26°10'075077"
 D=285.1390288

N=5255.912
 E=10125.751

2nd Point **A=146°03'033078"**
 D=670.14958460

N=4700
 E=10500

Triangle-1 (1 Label)

XEQ A (Triangle – S1, S2, S3)

XEQ A to start the program.

A01.	LBL A	A42.	-
A02.	FIX 4	A43.	RCL ÷ C
A03.	CLVARS	A44.	RCL ÷ A
A04.	SF 10	A45.	2
A05.	“TRI S1 S2 S3”	A46.	÷
A06.	PSE	A47.	ACOS
A07.	“ENTR SIDE 1”	A48.	⇒HMS
A08.	PSE	A49.	“ANGLE 2=”
A09.	INPUT S	A50.	PSE
A10.	STO A	A51.	STOP
A11.	“ENTR SIDE 2”	A52.	RCL B
A12.	PSE	A53.	X ²
A13.	INPUT S	A54.	RCL A
A14.	STO B	A55.	X ²
A15.	“ENTR SIDE 3”	A56.	+
A16.	PSE	A57.	RCL C
A17.	INPUT S	A58.	X ²
A18.	STO C	A59.	-
A19.	X ²	A60.	RCL ÷ A
A20.	RCL B	A61.	RCL ÷ B
A21.	X ²	A62.	2
A22.	+	A63.	÷
A23.	RCL A	A64.	ACOS
A24.	X ²	A65.	STO D
A25.	-	A66.	⇒HMS
A26.	RCL ÷ B	A67.	“ANGLE 3=”
A27.	RCL ÷ C	A68.	PSE
A28.	2	A69.	STOP
A29.	÷	A70.	RCL D
A30.	ACOS	A71.	SIN
A31.	⇒HMS	A72.	2
A32.	“ANGLE 1=”	A73.	÷
A33.	PSE	A74.	RCLxA
A34.	STOP	A75.	RCLxB
A35.	RCL C	A76.	“AREA=”
A36.	X ²	A77.	PSE
A37.	RCL A	A78.	STOP
A38.	X ²	A79.	CF 10
A39.	+	A80.	RTN
A40.	RCL B		
A41.	X ²		

CHECK 1:

SIDE 1=100.00
SIDE 2=100.00
SIDE 3=100.00

ANGLE 1=60°00'00"
ANGLE 2=60°00'00"
ANGLE 3=60°00'00"
AREA=4,330.127

CHECK 2:

SIDE 1=10.00
SIDE 2=10.00
SIDE 3=18.00

ANGLE 1=25°50'31"
ANGLE 2=25°50'31"
ANGLE 3=128°18'58"
AREA=39.230

Triangle-2 (1 Label)

XEQ B (Triangle – S1, S2, A3)

XEQ B to start the program.

B01. LBL B	B33. STO D
B02. FIX 4	B34. "SIDE 3="
B03. CLVARS	B35. PSE
B04. SF 10	B36. STOP
B05. "TRI S1 S2 A3"	B37. RCL C
B06. PSE	B38. SIN
B07. "ENTR SIDE 1"	B39. RCL ÷ D
B08. PSE	B40. STO D
B09. INPUT S	B41. RCLxA
B10. STO A	B42. ASIN
B11. "ENTR SIDE 2"	B43. ⇨HMS
B12. PSE	B44. "ANGLE 1="
B13. INPUT S	B45. PSE
B14. STO B	B46. STOP
B15. "ENTR ANGLE 3"	B47. RCL D
B16. PSE	B48. RCLxB
B17. INPUT S	B49. ASIN
B18. ⇨HR	B50. ⇨HMS
B19. STO C	B51. "ANGLE 2="
B20. COS	B52. PSE
B21. RCLxA	B53. STOP
B22. RCLxB	B54. RCL C
B23. 2	B55. SIN
B24. x	B56. RCLxA
B25. RCL A	B57. RCLxB
B26. X ²	B58. 2
B27. X<>Y	B59. ÷
B28. -	B60. "AREA="
B29. RCL B	B61. PSE
B30. X ²	B62. STOP
B31. +	B63. CF 10
B32. √X	B64. RTN

CHECK 1:

SIDE 1=100.00
SIDE 2=100.00
ANGLE 3=60°00'00"

SIDE 3=100.00
ANGLE 1=60°00'00"
ANGLE 2=60°00'00"
AREA=4,330.127

CHECK 2:

SIDE 1=10.00
SIDE 2=10.00
ANGLE 3=128°18'58"

SIDE 3=18.00
ANGLE 1=25°50'31"
ANGLE 2=25°50'31"
AREA=39.230

Triangle-3 (1 Label)

XEQ C (Triangle – A1, A2, S3)

XEQ C to start the program.

C01. LBL C	C30. RCL D
C02. FIX 4	C31. SIN
C03. CLVARS	C32. STO E
C04. SF 10	C33. ÷
C05. "TRI A1 A2 S3"	C34. STO F
C06. PSE	C35. RCL A
C07. "ENTR ANGLE 1"	C36. SIN
C08. PSE	C37. x
C09. INPUT S	C38. STOxE
C10. ⇒HR	C39. "SIDE 1="
C11. STO A	C40. PSE
C12. "ENTR ANGLE 2"	C41. STOP
C13. PSE	C42. RCL F
C14. INPUT S	C43. RCL B
C15. ⇒HR	C44. SIN
C16. STO B	C45. x
C17. "ENTR SIDE 3"	C46. STOxE
C18. PSE	C47. "SIDE 2="
C19. INPUT S	C48. PSE
C20. STO C	C49. STOP
C21. 180	C50. RCL E
C22. RCL-A	C51. 2
C23. RCL-B	C52. ÷
C24. STO D	C53. "AREA="
C25. ⇒HMS	C54. PSE
C26. "ANGLE 3="	C55. STOP
C27. PSE	C56. CF 10
C28. STOP	C57. RTN
C29. RCL C	

CHECK 1:

ANGLE 1=60°00'00"
ANGLE 2=60°00'00"
SIDE 3=100.00

ANGLE 3=60°00'00"
SIDE 1=100.00
SIDE 2=100.00
AREA=4,330.127

CHECK 2:

ANGLE 1=25°50'31"
ANGLE 2=25°50'31"
SIDE 3=18.00

ANGLE 3=128°18'58"
SIDE 1=10.00
SIDE 2=10.00
AREA=39.230

Triangle-4 (1 Label)

XEQ D (Triangle – A1, A3, S3)

XEQ D to start the program.

D01. LBL D	D30. STOP
D02. FIX 4	D31. 180
D03. CLVAR	D32. RCL-A
D04. SF 10	D33. RCL-B
D05. "TRI A1 A3 S3"	D34. STO E
D06. PSE	D35. \Rightarrow HMS
D07. "ENTR ANGLE 1"	D36. "ANGLE 2="
D08. PSE	D37. PSE
D09. INPUT S	D38. STOP
D10. \Rightarrow HR	D39. RCL E
D11. STO A	D40. SIN
D12. "ENTR ANGLE 3"	D41. RCLxD
D13. PSE	D42. STO E
D14. INPUT S	D43. "SIDE 2="
D15. \Rightarrow HR	D44. PSE
D16. STO B	D45. STOP
D17. "ENTR SIDE 3"	D46. RCL E
D18. PSE	D47. RCLxC
D19. INPUT S	D48. RCL A
D20. STO C	D49. SIN
D21. RCL B	D50. x
D22. SIN	D51. 2
D23. \div	D52. \div
D24. STO D	D53. "AREA="
D25. RCL A	D54. PSE
D26. SIN	D55. STOP
D27. x	D56. CF 10
D28. "SIDE 1="	D57. RTN
D29. PSE	

CHECK 1:

ANGLE 1=60°00'00"

ANGLE 3=60°00'00"

SIDE 3=100.00

SIDE 1=100.00

ANGLE 2=60°00'00"

SIDE 2=100.00

AREA=4,330.127

CHECK 2:

ANGLE 1=25°50'31"

ANGLE 3=128°18'58"

SIDE 3=18.00

SIDE 1=10.00

ANGLE 2=25°50'31"

SIDE 2=10.00

AREA=39.230

Triangle-5 (1 Label)

XEQ E (Triangle – S1, S2, A1)

XEQ E to start the program.

E01.	LBL E	E51.	"ANGLE 3="
E02.	FIX 4	E52.	PSE
E03.	CLVARS	E53.	RCL F
E04.	SF 10	E54.	⇒HMS
E05.	"TRI S1 S2 A1"	E55.	STOP
E06.	PSE	E56.	"SIDE 3="
E07.	"ENTR SIDE 1"	E57.	PSE
E08.	PSE	E58.	RCL G
E09.	INPUT S	E59.	STOP
E10.	STO A	E60.	"AREA="
E11.	"ENTR SIDE 2"	E61.	PSE
E12.	PSE	E62.	RCL H
E13.	INPUT S	E63.	STOP
E14.	STO B	E64.	180
E15.	"ENTR ANGLE 1"	E65.	RCL-E
E16.	PSE	E66.	STO E
E17.	INPUT S	E67.	180
E18.	⇒HR	E68.	X<Y
E19.	STO C	E69.	-
E20.	SIN	E70.	RCL-C
E21.	RCL ÷ A	E71.	STO F
E22.	STO D	E72.	SIN
E23.	RCLxB	E73.	RCLxA
E24.	ASIN	E74.	RCL C
E25.	STO E	E75.	SIN
E26.	180	E76.	÷
E27.	X<Y	E77.	STO G
E28.	-	E78.	RCL F
E29.	RCL-C	E79.	SIN
E30.	STO F	E80.	RCLxA
E31.	SIN	E81.	RCLxB
E32.	RCLxA	E82.	2
E33.	RCL C	E83.	÷
E34.	SIN	E84.	STO H
E35.	÷	E85.	"SOLUTION 2"
E36.	STO G	E86.	PSE
E37.	RCL F	E87.	"ANGLE 2="
E38.	SIN	E88.	PSE
E39.	RCLxA	E89.	RCL E
E40.	RCLxB	E90.	⇒HMS
E41.	2	E91.	STOP
E42.	÷	E92.	"ANGLE 3="
E43.	STO H	E93.	PSE
E44.	"SOLUTION 1"	E94.	RCL F
E45.	PSE	E95.	⇒HMS
E46.	"ANGLE 2="	E96.	STOP
E47.	PSE	E97.	"SIDE 3="
E48.	RCL E	E98.	PSE
E49.	⇒HMS	E99.	RCL G
E50.	STOP	E100.	STOP

E101. "AREA=""
E102. PSE
E103. RCL H
E104. STOP
E105. CF 10
E106. RTN

CHECK 1:

SIDE 1=100.00
SIDE 2=100.00
ANGLE 1=60°00'00"

SOLUTION 1

ANGLE 2=60°00'00"
ANGLE 3=60°00'00"
SIDE 3=100.00
AREA=4,330.127

SOLUTION 2

ANGLE 2=120°00'00"
ANGLE 3=00°00'00"
SIDE 3=00.00
AREA=00.00

CHECK 2:

SIDE 1=10.00
SIDE 2=10.00
ANGLE 1=25°50'31"

SOLUTION 1

ANGLE 2=25°50'31"
ANGLE 3=128°18'58"
SIDE 3=18.00
AREA=39.230

SOLUTION 2

ANGLE 2=154°09'29"
ANGLE 3=00°00'00"
SIDE 3=00.00
AREA=00.00

UTILITY-1 (2 Labels)

XEQ R (Geodetic to State Plane Coordinates)

XEQ R to start the program.

ZN1=1 ZN2=2

Enter 1 or 2 for zone, if not press **R/S**

ZN3=3 ZN4=4

Enter 3 or 4 for zone, if not press **R/S**

ZN5=5 ZN6=6

Enter 5 or 6 for zone, then press **R/S**

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

B? Latitude (DDMMSS)

L? Longitude (DDMMSS)

After you have entered the **L** value (Longitude) and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

C? Convergence Angle (DDMMSS)

N? Northing

E? Easting

R01.	LBL R	R32.	"24244708.912-U"
R02.	XEQ U	R33.	STO R
R03.	SF 10	R34.	FS? 1
R04.	"GEOD - CCS83"	R35.	"(122-L)x0.6538843054"
R05.	PSE	R36.	STO C
R06.	"ZN1=1 ZN2=2"	R37.	FS? 1
R07.	1	R38.	"2187504.093+U+(RxSIN(C)xTAN(C ÷ 2))"
R08.	-	R39.	STO N
R09.	STO X	R40.	FS? 1
R10.	X=0?	R41.	"6561666.667+(RxSIN(C))"
R11.	SF 1	R42.	STO E
R12.	X>0?	R43.	FS? 1
R13.	SF 2	R44.	RCL C
R14.	X<0?	R45.	⇒HMS
R15.	SF 3	R46.	STO C
R16.	CF 10	R47.	FS? 1
R17.	FS? 1	R48.	VIEW C
R18.	INPUT B	R49.	FS? 1
R19.	⇒HR	R50.	VIEW N
R20.	STO B	R51.	FS? 1
R21.	FS? 1	R52.	VIEW E
R22.	INPUT L	R53.	FS? 1
R23.	⇒HR	R54.	STOP
R24.	STO L	R55.	CLVARS
R25.	FS? 1	R56.	FS? 2
R26.	"B-40.8351061249"	R57.	INPUT B
R27.	STO A	R58.	⇒HR
R28.	FS? 1	R59.	STO B
R29.	"Ax(364300.5191+Ax(31.6772+Ax(18.487 2+0.0698xA)))"	R60.	FS? 2
R30.	STO U	R61.	INPUT L
R31.	FS? 1	R62.	⇒HR

R63.	STO L	R116.	FS? 4
R64.	FS? 2	R117.	"B-37.7510694363"
R65.	"B-39.0846839219"	R118.	STO A
R66.	STO A	R119.	FS? 4
R67.	FS? 2	R120.	"Ax(364119.7127+Ax(30.9692+Ax(18.508 6+0.062493xA)))"
R68.	"Ax(364197.5131+Ax(31.3198+Ax(184998 +0.065577xA)))"	R121.	STO U
R69.	STO U	R122.	FS? 4
R70.	FS? 2	R123.	"27056804.05-U"
R71.	"25795162.985-U"	R124.	STO R
R72.	STO R	R125.	FS? 4
R73.	FS? 2	R126.	"(120.5-L)x61.2232038295E-2"
R74.	"(122-L)x63.0468335285E-2"	R127.	STO C
R75.	STO C	R128.	FS? 4
R76.	FS? 2	R129.	"2095943.327+U+(RxSIN(C)xTAN(C ÷ 2))"
R77.	"2156844.531+U+(RxSIN(C)xTAN(C ÷ 2))"	R130.	STO N
R78.	STO N	R131.	FS? 4
R79.	FS? 2	R132.	"6561666.667+(RxSIN(C))"
R80.	"6561666.667+(RxSIN(C))"	R133.	STO E
R81.	STO E	R134.	FS? 4
R82.	FS? 2	R135.	RCL C
R83.	RCL C	R136.	⇒HMS
R84.	⇒HMS	R137.	STO Y
R85.	STO C	R138.	FS? 4
R86.	FS? 2	R139.	VIEW C
R87.	VIEW C	R140.	FS? 1
R88.	FS? 2	R141.	VIEW N
R89.	VIEW N	R142.	FS? 1
R90.	FS? 2	R143.	VIEW E
R91.	VIEW E	R144.	FS? 4
R92.	FS? 2	R145.	STOP
R93.	STOP	R146.	CLVARS
R94.	FS? 3	R147.	FS? 5
R95.	SF 10	R148.	INPUT B
R96.	"ZN3=3 ZN4=4"	R149.	⇒HR
R97.	3	R150.	STO B
R98.	-	R151.	FS? 5
R99.	STO X	R152.	INPUT L
R100.	X=0?	R153.	⇒HR
R101.	SF 4	R154.	STO L
R102.	X>0?	R155.	FS? 5
R103.	SF 5	R156.	"B-36.6258593071"
R104.	X<0?	R157.	STO A
R105.	SF 6	R158.	FS? 5
R106.	CLVARS	R159.	"Ax(364054.6183+Ax(30.6211+Ax(18.517 4+0.060308xA)))"
R107.	CF 10	R160.	STO U
R108.	FS? 4	R161.	FS? 5
R109.	INPUT B	R162.	"28181724.783-U"
R110.	⇒HR	R163.	STO R
R111.	STO B	R164.	FS? 5
R112.	FS? 4	R165.	"(119-L)x0.59658714988"
R113.	INPUT L	R166.	STO C
R114.	⇒HR	R167.	FS? 5
R115.	STO L		

R168.	“2110955.377+U+(RxSIN(C)xTAN(C ÷ 2))”
R169.	STO N	R222. “6561666.667+(RxSIN(C))”
R170.	FS? 5	R223. STO E
R171.	“6561666.667+(RxSIN(C))”	R224. FS? 1
R172.	STO E	R225. RCL C
R173.	FS? 5	R226. ⇒HMS
R174.	RCL C	R227. STO C
R175.	⇒HMS	R228. FS? 1
R176.	STO C	R229. VIEW C
R177.	FS? 5	R230. FS? 1
R178.	VIEW C	R231. VIEW N
R179.	FS? 5	R232. FS? 1
R180.	VIEW N	R233. VIEW E
R181.	FS? 5	R234. FS? 1
R182.	VIEW E	R235. STOP
R183.	FS? 5	R236. CLVARS
R184.	STOP	R237. FS? 8
R185.	SF 10	R238. INPUT B
R186.	FS? 6	R239. ⇒HR
R187.	CF 1	R240. STO B
R188.	“ZN5=5 ZN6=6”	R241. FS? 8
R189.	5	R242. INPUT L
R190.	-	R243. ⇒HR
R191.	STO X	R244. STO L
R192.	X=0?	R245. FS? 8
R193.	SF 1	R246. “B-33.3339229447”
R194.	X>0?	R247. STO A
R195.	SF 8	R248. FS? 8
R196.	CLVARS	R249. “Ax(363861.895+Ax(29.3368+Ax(18.5396 +0.053054xA)))”
R197.	CF 10	R250. STO U
R198.	FS? 1	R251. FS? 8
R199.	INPUT B	R252. “31845868.317-U”
R200.	⇒HR	R253. STO R
R201.	STO B	R254. FS? 8
R202.	FS? 1	R255. “(116.25-L)x54.9517575763E-2”
R203.	INPUT L	R256. STO C
R204.	⇒HR	R257. FS? 8
R205.	STO L	R258. “2065126.163+U+(RxSIN(C)xTAN(C ÷ 2))”
R206.	FS? 1	R259. STO N
R207.	“B-34.7510553142”	R260. FS? 8
R208.	STO A	R261. “6561666.667+(RxSIN(C))”
R209.	FS? 1	R262. STO E
R210.	“Ax(363934.259+Ax(29.9356+Ax(18.5303 +0.057234xA)))”	R263. FS? 8
R211.	STO U	R264. RCL C
R212.	FS? 1	R265. ⇒HMS
R213.	“30193453.753-U”	R266. STO C
R214.	STO R	R267. FS? 8
R215.	FS? 1	R268. VIEW C
R216.	“(118-L)x57.0011896174E-2”	R269. FS? 8
R217.	STO C	R270. VIEW N
R218.	FS? 1	R271. FS? 8
R219.	“2095707.846+U+(RxSIN(C)xTAN(C ÷ 2))”	R272. VIEW E
R220.	STO N	R273. FS? 8
R221.	FS? 1	R274. STOP

R275. RTN

U01. LBL **U**
U02. CF 10
U03. CF 0
U04. CF 1
U05. CF 2
U06. CF 3
U07. CF 4
U08. CF 5
U09. CF 6
U10. CF 8
U11. CLVARS
U12. CLx
U13. RTN

UTILITY-2 (2 Labels)

XEQ F (State Plane Coordinates to Geodetic)

XEQ F to start the program.

ZN1=1 ZN2=2

Enter 1 or 2 for zone, if not press **R/S**

ZN3=3 ZN4=4

Enter 3 or 4 for zone, if not press **R/S**

ZN5=5 ZN6=6

Enter 5 or 6 for zone, then press **R/S**

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

N? Northing

E? Easting

After you have entered the **E** value (Easting) and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

C? Convergence Angle (DDMMSS)

B? Latitude (DDMMSS)

L? Longitude (DDMMSS)

F01. LBL **F**

F02. XEQ U

F03. SF 10

F04. "CCS83 - GEOD"

F05. PSE

F06. "ZN1=1 ZN2=2"

F07. 1

F08. -

F09. STO X

F10. X=0?

F11. SF 1

F12. X>0?

F13. SF 2

F14. X<0?

F15. SF 3

F16. FS? 1

F17. INPUT N

F18. FS? 1

F19. INPUT E

F20. CF 10

F21. FS? 1

F22. "ATAN((E-6561666.667)
÷ (26432213.018-N))"

F23. STO C

F24. FS? 1

F25. "122-(C ÷ 0.6538843054)"

F26. ⇒HMS

F27. STO L

F28. FS? 1

F29. "N-2187504.093-(E-
6561666.667)xTAN(C ÷ 2))"

F30. STO U

F31. FS? 1

F32. "40.8351061249+Ux(-6.55192E-16+Ux(
1.04884E-21+9.6167E-30xU)))"

F33. ⇒HMS

F34. STO B

F35. FS? 1

F36. RCL C

F37. ⇒HMS

F38. STO C

F39. FS? 1

F40. VIEW C

F41. FS? 1

F42. VIEW B

F43. FS? 1

F44. VIEW L

F45. FS? 1

F46. STOP

F47. FS? 2

F48. INPUT N

F49. FS? 2

F50. INPUT E

F51. FS? 2

F52. "ATAN((E-6561666.667)
÷ (27952007.517-N))"

F53. STO Y

F54. FS? 2

F55. "122-(C ÷ 6304.68335285)"

F56. ⇒HMS

F57. STO L

F58. FS? 2

F59. "N-2156844.531-(E-
6561666.667)xTAN(C ÷ 2))"

F60.		F110.	RCL C
F61.	STO U	F111.	⇒HMS
F62.	FS? 2	F112.	STO C
F63.	“39.0846839219+Ux(2.745762818E- 06+Ux(-6.48347E-16+Ux(-1.0508E-21+- 8.9858E-30xU)))”	F113.	FS? 4
F64.	⇒HMS	F114.	VIEW C
F65.	STO B	F115.	FS? 4
F66.	FS? 2	F116.	VIEW B
F67.	RCL C	F117.	FS? 4
F68.	⇒HMS	F118.	VIEW L
F69.	STO C	F119.	FS? 4
F70.	FS? 2	F120.	STOP
F71.	VIEW C	F121.	FS? 5
F72.	FS? 2	F122.	INPUT N
F73.	VIEW B	F123.	FS? 5
F74.	FS? 2	F124.	INPUT E
F75.	VIEW L	F125.	FS? 5
F76.	FS? 2	F126.	“ATAN((E-6561666.667) ÷(30292680.161-N))”
F77.	STOP	F127.	STO C
F78.	SF 10	F128.	FS? 5
F79.	FS? 3	F129.	“119-(C ÷ 0.59658714988)”
F80.	“ZN3=3 ZN4=4”	F130.	⇒HMS
F81.	3	F131.	STO L
F82.	-	F132.	FS? 5
F83.	STO X	F133.	“N-2110955.377-(E- 6561666.667)xTAN(C ÷ 2))”
F84.	X=0?	F134.	STO U
F85.	SF 4	F135.	FS? 5
F86.	X>0?	F136.	“36.6258593071+Ux(2.746840562E- 06+Ux(-6.34643E-16+Ux(-1.05351E-21+- 8.1324E-30xU)))”
F88.	X<0?	F137.	⇒HMS
F89.	SF 6	F138.	STO B
F90.	CF 10	F139.	FS? 5
F91.	FS? 4	F140.	RCL C
F92.	INPUT N	F141.	⇒HMS
F93.	FS? 4	F142.	STO C
F94.	INPUT E	F143.	FS? 5
F95.	FS? 4	F144.	VIEW C
F96.	“ATAN((E-6561666.667) ÷(29152747.378-N))”	F145.	FS? 5
F97.	STO Y	F146.	VIEW B
F98.	FS? 4	F147.	FS? 5
F99.	“122.5-(C ÷ 0.612232038295)”	F148.	VIEW L
F100.	⇒HMS	F149.	FS? 5
F101.	STO L	F150.	STOP
F102.	FS? 4	F151.	SF 10
F103.	“N-2095943.327-((E- 6561666.667)xTAN(C ÷ 2))”	F152.	CF 1
F104.	STO U	F153.	FS? 6
F105.	FS? 4	F154.	“ZN5=5 ZN6=6”
F106.	“37.7510694363+Ux(2.746349509E- 06+Ux(-6.41501E-16+Ux(-1.0523E-21+- 8.5291E-30xU)))”	F155.	5
F107.	⇒HMS	F156.	-
F108.	STO B	F157.	STO X
F109.	FS? 4	F158.	X=0?
		F159.	SF 1
		F160.	X>0?
		F161.	SF 8

F162.	CF 10	F207.	"N-2065126.163-(E- 6561666.667)xTAN(C ÷ 2))"
F163.	FS? 1	F208.	STO U
F164.	INPUT N	F209.	FS? 8
F165.	FS? 1	F210.	"(U ³ x <u>1.18E-23)+(U²x<u>1.14504E-</u></u>
F166.	INPUT E		<u>15)+0.99995414249"</u>
F167.	FS? 1	F211.	STO K
F168.	"ATAN((E-6561666.667) ÷ (32289161.599-N))"	F212.	FS? 8
F169.	STO C	F213.	"20897688.1859 ÷ (20897576.6759+H)"
F170.	FS? 1	F214.	STO R
F171.	"118-(C ÷ 0.570011896174)"	F215.	FS? 8
F172.	⇒HMS	F216.	"RxK"
F173.	STO L	F217.	STO D
F174.	FS? 1	F218.	FS? 8
F175.	"N-2095707.846-((E- 6561666.667)xTAN(C ÷ 2))"	F219.	"33.3339229447+Ux(<u>2.748295465E-</u> <u>06+Ux(-6.08981E-16+Ux(-1.05713E-21+</u> <u>7.1424E-30xU)))"</u>
F176.	STO U	F220.	⇒HMS
F177.	FS? 1	F221.	STO B
F178.	"34.7510553142+Ux(<u>2.747748987E-</u> <u>06+Ux(-6.21091E-16+Ux(-1.05565E-21+</u> <u>7.4567E-30xU)))"</u>	F222.	FS? 8
F179.	⇒HMS	F223.	RCL C
F180.	STO B	F224.	⇒HMS
F181.	FS? 1	F225.	STO C
F182.	RCL C	F226.	FS? 8
F183.	⇒HMS	F227.	VIEW C
F184.	STO C	F228.	FS? 8
F185.	FS? 1	F229.	VIEW K
F186.	VIEW C	F230.	FS? 8
F187.	FS? 1	F231.	VIEW D
F188.	VIEW B	F232.	FS? 8
F189.	FS? 1	F233.	VIEW B
F190.	VIEW L	F234.	FS? 8
F191.	FS? 1	F235.	VIEW L
F192.	STOP	F236.	STOP
F193.	FS? 8	F237.	RTN
F194.	INPUT N	U01.	LBL U
F195.	FS? 8	U02.	CF 10
F196.	INPUT E	U03.	CF 0
F197.	FS? 8	U04.	CF 1
F198.	INPUT H	U05.	CF 2
F199.	FS? 8	U06.	CF 3
F200.	"ATAN((E-6561666.667) ÷ (33910994.48- N))"	U07.	CF 4
F201.	STO C	U08.	CF 5
F202.	FS? 8	U09.	CF 6
F203.	"116.25-(C ÷ 0.549517575763)"	U10.	CF 8
F204.	⇒HMS	U11.	CLVARS
F205.	STO L	U12.	CLx
F206.	FS? 8	U13.	RTN

Vertical Curve-1 (3 Labels)

XEQ V (Vertical Curve Using BVC & EVC)

XEQ V to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

- I?** Grade in (%)
- O?** Grade out (%)
- C?** PVC STA (without + sign)
- E?** PVC Elevation
- T?** PVT STA (without + sign)

After you have entered the **T** value and pressed **R/S**, the **PVT elevation** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and the **Low or High Pt. Station** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and the **Low or High Pt. Elevation** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and you will be prompted for a station along the curve **S?**.

Enter the **station** (without + sign) and press **R/S**.

The **station elevation** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** to enter another **station** (without the + sign).

V01.	LBL V	W01.	LBL W
V02.	CLVARS	W02.	CF 10
V03.	FIX 4	W03.	T-B
V04.	SF 10	W04.	STO L
V05.	"VERT CURVE 1"	W05.	(O-I) ÷ (2xL)
V06.	PSE	W06.	STO R
V07.	"ENTR GRADE IN"	W07.	A+(IxL)+(RxL²)
V08.	PSE	W08.	STO E
V09.	INPUT I	W09.	RCL F
V10.	100	W10.	X=0?
V11.	÷	W11.	VIEW E
V12.	STO I	W12.	IxO
V13.	"ENTR GRADE OUT"	W13.	X>0?
V14.	PSE	W14.	GTO X
V15.	INPUT O	W15.	(IxL) ÷ (I-O)
V16.	100	W16.	STO X
V17.	÷	W17.	B+X
V18.	STO O	W18.	STO S
V19.	"ENTR BVC STA"	W19.	STO L
V20.	PSE	W20.	STO H
V21.	INPUT B	W21.	A+(IxX)+RxX²)
V22.	0	W22.	STO E
V23.	STO E	W23.	RCL A
V24.	STO F	W24.	SF10
V25.	"ENTR BVC ELEV"	W25.	"HI-LOW STA="
V26.	PSE	W26.	PSE
V27.	INPUT E	W27.	X>Y?
V28.	STO A	W28.	VIEW L
V29.	"ENTR EVC STA"	W29.	X<Y?
V30.	PSE	W30.	VIEW H
V31.	INPUT T	W31.	"HI-LOW ELEV="
V32.	"EVC ELEV="	W32.	PSE
V33.	PSE	W33.	VIEW E
		W34.	CF 10

X01. LBL X
X02. 0
X03. SF 10
X04. STO S
X05. "ENTR NEW STA"
X06. PSE
X07. INPUT S
X08. CF 10
X09. S-B
X10. STO X
X11. A+(IxX)+(RxX²)
X12. STO E
X13. SF 10
X14. "NEW ELEV="
X15. PSE
X16. VIEW E
X17. CF 10
X18. GTO X

CHECK

1a.

I = GRADE IN = -3.5
O = GRADE OUT = 2.75
B = BVC STATION = 1350
E = BVC ELEVATION = 495.875
T = EVC STATION = 1650

E = EVC ELEVATION = 494.75
L = HI-LOW STATION = 1518
E = HI-LOW ELEVATION = 492.935

S = NEW STATION = 1570

E = NEW ELEVATION = 493.2167

1b.

I = GRADE IN = -3.5
O = GRADE OUT = -2.75
B = BVC STATION = 1350
E = BVC ELEVATION = 495.875
T = EVC STATION = 1650

E = EVC ELEVATION = 486.5

L = HI-LOW STATION = 1570
E = HI-LOW ELEVATION = 488.78

2a.

I = GRADE IN = 3.5
O = GRADE OUT = -2.75
B = BVC STATION = 1350
E = BVC ELEVATION = 494.75
T = EVC STATION = 1650

E = EVC ELEVATION = 495.875
L = HI-LOW STATION = 1518
E = HI-LOW ELEVATION = 497.69

S = NEW STATION = 1570

E = NEW ELEVATION = 497.4083

2b.

I = GRADE IN = 3.5
O = GRADE OUT = 2.75
B = BVC STATION = 1350
E = BVC ELEVATION = 494.75
T = EVC STATION = 1650

E = EVC ELEVATION = 504.125

L = HI-LOW STATION = 1570
E = HI-LOW ELEVATION = 501.845

Vertical Curve-2 (1 Label)
(MUST BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH VERT 1!!!)

XEQ Y (Vertical Curve Elevations)

XEQ Y to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

R?	PI STA (without + sign)
S?	PI Elevation
P?	Grade-in (%)
Q?	Grade-out (%)
L?	Curve length

After you have entered the **L** value and pressed **R/S**, the **High-Low Station** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and the **High-Low Elevation** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and the **PVC Station** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and the **PVC Elevation** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and the **PVT Station** will be displayed.

Press **R/S** and the **PVT Elevation** will be displayed

Press **R/S** and you will be prompted to run additional computations.

Y01.	LBL Y	Y34.	P-(L ÷ 2)
Y02.	FIX 4	Y35.	STO B
Y03.	CLVARS	Y36.	SF 10
Y04.	SF 10	Y37.	“BVC STA=”
Y05.	“VERT CURVE 2”	Y38.	PSE
Y06.	PSE	Y39.	VIEW B
Y07.	“ENTR GRADE IN”	Y40.	CF 10
Y08.	PSE	Y41.	E-(Ix(L ÷ 2))
Y09.	INPUT I	Y42.	STO E
Y10.	100	Y43.	STO A
Y11.	÷	Y44.	SF 10
Y12.	STO I	Y45.	“BVC ELEV=”
Y13.	“ENTR GRADE OUT”	Y46.	PSE
Y14.	PSE	Y47.	VIEW E
Y15.	INPUT O	Y48.	CF 10
Y16.	100	Y49.	P+(L ÷ 2)
Y17.	÷	Y50.	STO T
Y18.	STO O	Y51.	SF 10
Y19.	“ENTR PVI STA”	Y52.	“EVC STA=”
Y20.	PSE	Y53.	PSE
Y21.	INPUT P	Y54.	VIEW T
Y22.	0	Y55.	CF 10
Y23.	STO E	Y56.	Z+(Ox(L ÷ 2))
Y24.	“ENTR PVI ELEV”	Y57.	STO E
Y25.	PSE	Y58.	STO F
Y26.	INPUT E	Y59.	SF 10
Y27.	STO Z	Y60.	“EVC ELEV=”
Y28.	0	Y61.	PSE
Y29.	STO L	Y62.	VIEW E
Y30.	“ENTR CURVE LEN”	Y63.	CF 10
Y31.	PSE	Y64.	GTO W
Y32.	INPUT L		
Y33.	CF 10		

CHECK 1

I = GRADE IN = -3.5
O = GRADE OUT = 2.75
P = PVI STATION = 1500
E = PVI ELEVATION = 490.625
L = CURVE LENGTH = 300

B = BVC STATION = 1350
E = BVC ELEVATION = 495.875
T = EVC STATION = 1650
E = EVC ELEVATION = 494.75

L = HI-LOW STATION = 1518
E = HI-LOW ELEVATION = 492.935

S = NEW STATION = 1570

E = NEW ELEVATION = 493.2167

CHECK 2

I = GRADE IN = 3.5
O = GRADE OUT = -2.75
P = PVI STATION = 1500
E = PVI ELEVATION = 500.000
L = CURVE LENGTH = 300

B = BVC STATION = 1350
E = BVC ELEVATION = 494.75
T = EVC STATION = 1650
E = EVC ELEVATION = 495.875

L = HI-LOW STATION = 1518
E = HI-LOW ELEVATION = 497.69

S = NEW STATION = 1570

E = NEW ELEVATION = 497.4083

XYZ-1 (1 Label)

XEQ X (Lat/Long to XYZ)

XEQ X to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

- A?** Ellipsoid semi-major axis (Defaulted to NAD83/WGS84/GRS80)
E? Eccentricity of Ellipsoid (Defaulted to NAD83/WGS84/GRS80)
F? Latitude
L? Longitude
H? Ellipsoidal height

After you have entered the **H** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

- X?** X Co-ordinate
Y? Y Co-ordinate
Z? Z Co-ordinate

X01.	LBL X	X36.	STO V
X02.	6378137	X37.	RCL+H
X03.	STO A	X38.	RCL F
X04.	0.006694381	X39.	⇒HR
X05.	STO E	X40.	COS
X06.	SF 10	X41.	x
X07.	“ENTR SEMI-MAJOR AXIS”	X42.	RCL L
X08.	PSE	X43.	⇒HR
X09.	“DEFAULT NAD83”	X44.	COS
X10.	PSE	X45.	x
X11.	INPUT A	X46.	STO X
X12.	“ENTR SEMI-MAJOR AXIS”	X47.	“X CO-ORDINATE=”
X13.	PSE	X48.	PSE
X14.	“DEFAULT NAD83”	X49.	VIEW X
X15.	PSE	X50.	RCL L
X16.	INPUT E	X51.	⇒HR
X17.	“ENTR LATITUDE”	X52.	TAN
X18.	PSE	X53.	x
X19.	INPUT F	X54.	STO Y
X20.	“ENTR LONGITUDE”	X55.	“Y CO-ORDINATE=”
X21.	PSE	X56.	PSE
X22.	INPUT L	X57.	VIEW Y
X23.	“ENTR ELIPSOID HEIGHT”	X58.	RCL V
X24.	PSE	X59.	1
X25.	INPUT H	X60.	RCL-E
X26.	RCL A	X61.	x
X27.	1	X62.	RCL+H
X28.	RCL F	X63.	RCL F
X29.	⇒HR	X64.	⇒HR
X30.	SIN	X65.	SIN
X31.	X²	X66.	x
X32.	RCLxE	X67.	STO Z
X33.	–	X68.	“Z CO-ORDINATE=”
X34.	√X	X69.	PSE
X35.	÷	X70.	VIEW Z
		X71.	RTN

XYZ-2 (1 Label)

XEQ Y (XYZ to Lat/Long)

XEQ Y to start the program.

At the prompts, enter a value for the following and press **R/S**

- A? Ellipsoid semi-major axis (Defaulted to NAD83/WGS84/GRS80)
E? Eccentricity of Ellipsoid (Defaulted to NAD83/WGS84/GRS80)
X? X Co-ordinate
Y? Y Co-ordinate
Z? Z Co-ordinate

After you have entered the **Z** value and pressed **R/S**, the following results will be displayed:

- F? Latitude
L? Longitude
H? Ellipsoidal height

Y01.	LBL Y	
Y02.	6378137	Y36. \sqrt{X}
Y03.	STO A	Y37. STO B
Y04.	0.006694381	Y38. RCL A
Y05.	STO E	Y39. X^2
Y06.	SF 10	Y40. RCL B
Y07.	"ENTR SEMI-MAJOR AXIS"	Y41. X^2
Y08.	PSE	Y42. -
Y09.	"DEFAULT NAD83"	Y43. RCL B
Y10.	PSE	Y44. X^2
Y11.	INPUT A	Y45. \div
Y12.	"ENTR ECCENTRICITY"	Y46. STO D
Y13.	PSE	Y47. RCL X
Y14.	"DEFAULT NAD83"	Y48. RCL Y
Y15.	PSE	Y49. $y,x \Rightarrow 0,r$
Y16.	INPUT E	Y50. STO P
Y17.	"ENTR X COORDINATE"	Y51. RCL Z
Y18.	PSE	Y52. $X \leftrightarrow Y$
Y19.	INPUT X	Y53. \div
Y20.	"ENTR Y COORDINATE"	Y54. RCL A
Y21.	PSE	Y55. $RCL \div B$
Y22.	INPUT Y	Y56. x
Y23.	"ENTR Z COORDINATE"	Y57. ATAN
Y24.	PSE	Y58. STO U
Y25.	INPUT Z	Y59. SIN
Y26.	RCL Y	Y60. 3
Y27.	RCL X	Y61. Y^x
Y28.	\div	Y62. RCLxB
Y29.	ATAN	Y63. RCLxD
Y30.	STO L	Y64. RCL+Z
Y31.	1	Y65. RCL U
Y32.	RCL-E	Y66. COS
Y33.	RCL A	Y67. 3
Y34.	X^2	Y68. Y^x
Y35.	x	Y69. RCLxA
		Y70. RCLxE

Y71.	RCL P	Y125.	RCL X
Y72.	X<>Y	Y126.	X ²
Y73.	-	Y127.	STO Y
Y74.	÷	Y128.	X ²
Y75.	ATAN	Y129.	+
Y76.	STO F	Y130.	RCL Z
Y77.	RCL A	Y131.	X ²
Y78.	1	Y132.	+
Y79.	RCL F	Y133.	√X
Y80.	SIN	Y134.	RCL G
Y81.	X ²	Y135.	√X
Y82.	RCLxE	Y136.	-
Y83.	-	Y137.	ENTER
Y84.	√X	Y138.	ABS
Y85.	÷	Y139.	÷
Y86.	STO V	Y140.	RCL H
Y87.	RCL F	Y141.	√X
Y88.	COS	Y142.	x
Y89.	x	Y143.	STO H
Y90.	RCL L	Y144.	RCL F
Y91.	COS	Y145.	⇒HMS
Y92.	x	Y146.	STO F
Y93.	STO C	Y147.	“LATITUDE=”
Y94.	RCL-X	Y148.	PSE
Y95.	X ²	Y149.	VIEW F
Y96.	STO H	Y150.	RCL L
Y97.	RCL C	Y151.	⇒HMS
Y98.	X ²	Y152.	STO L
Y99.	STO G	Y153.	“LONGITUDE=”
Y100.	RCL C	Y154.	PSE
Y101.	RCL L	Y155.	VIEW L
Y102.	TAN	Y156.	“ELIPSOID HEIGHT=”
Y103.	x	Y157.	PSE
Y104.	STO C	Y158.	VIEW H
Y105.	X ²	Y159.	RTN
Y106.	STO+G		
Y107.	RCL C		
Y108.	RCL-Y		
Y109.	X ²		
Y110.	STO+H		
Y111.	RCL V		
Y112.	1		
Y113.	RCL-E		
Y114.	x		
Y115.	RCL F		
Y116.	SIN		
Y117.	x		
Y118.	STO C		
Y119.	X ²		
Y120.	STO+G		
Y121.	RCL C		
Y122.	RCL-Z		
Y123.	X ²		
Y124.	STO+H		